

Claims:

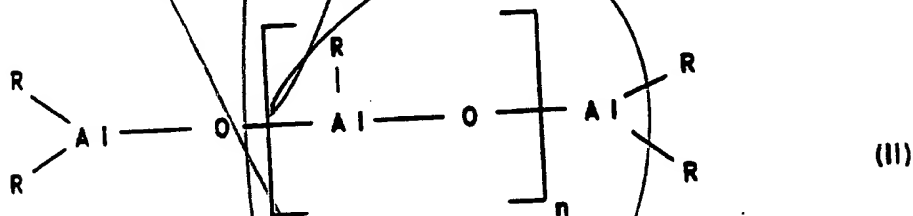
1. A polyolefin molding composition which has a broad, bimodal or multimodal melting range in the DSC spectrum, where the melting range maximum is between 120 and 165°C, the half-intensity width of the melting peak is broader than 10°C and the width determined at quarter peak height is greater than 15°C.
2. ^{The} A polyolefin molding composition as claimed in claim 1, wherein the half-intensity width of the crystallization peak is greater than 4°C and the width of the crystallization peak determined at quarter peak height is greater than 6°C.
3. A polyolefin molding composition as claimed in claim 1, which additionally contains nucleating agents, stabilizers, antioxidants, UV absorbers, light stabilizers, metal deactivators, free-radical scavengers, fillers and reinforcing agents, compatibilizers, plasticizers, lubricants, emulsifiers, pigments, optical brighteners, flameproofing agents, antistatics or blowing agents.
4. A process for the preparation of a polyolefin molding composition as claimed in claim 1, by mixing at least two polyolefins of different melting points, where the melting points of at least two of the polyolefins must differ by at least 5°C, the viscosity indices are greater than $VI = 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{g}$ and the molecular weights M_w are greater than 5000 g/mol.
5. A process for the preparation of a polyolefin molding composition as claimed in claim 1, by direct polymerization or copolymerization of at least two polyolefins of different melting point, where the melting points must differ by at

120, 105

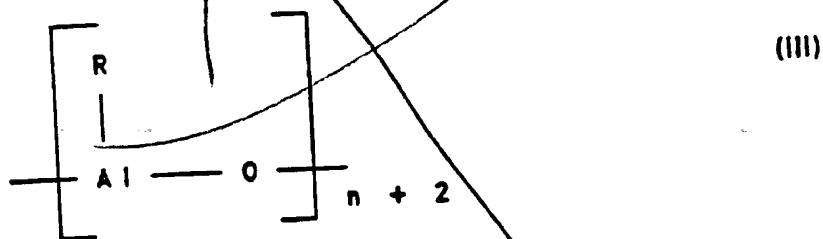
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6-8/12/15

least 5°C.

5 The process as claimed in claim ¹² 5, wherein the
olefins have the formula $R^aCH=CHR^b$, in which R^a and
10 R^b are identical or different and are a hydrogen
atom or an alkyl radical having 1 to 14 carbon
atoms, or R^a and R^b , together with the atoms connect-
ing them, can form a ring, and are polymerized at a
temperature of from -60 to 200°C, and a pressure of
from 0.5 to 100 bar, in solution, in suspension or
in the gas phase, in the presence of a catalyst,
where the catalyst comprises at least two
transition-metal components (metallocenes) and an
aluminoxane of the formula II



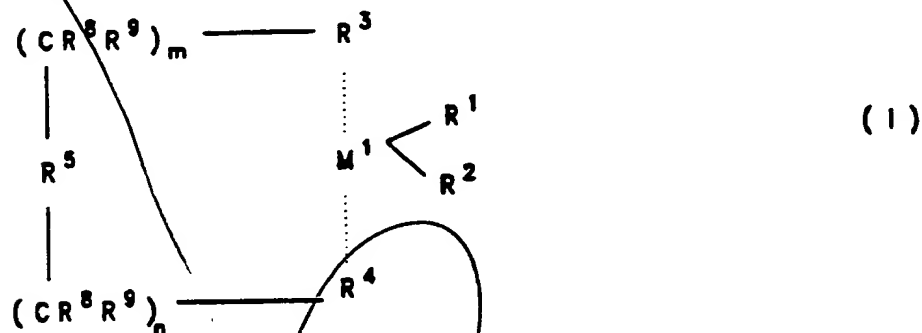
for the linear type and/or of the formula III



15 for the cyclic type, where, in the formulae II and
III, the radicals R may be identical or different
and are a C_1 - C_6 -alkyl group, a C_1 - C_6 -fluoroalkyl
group, a C_6 - C_{18} -aryl group, a C_6 - C_{18} -fluoroaryl group
or hydrogen, and n is an integer from 0 to 50, and
20 the aluminoxane component may additionally contain
a compound of the formula AlR_3 ,

where the transition-metal component used comprises

at least two metallocenes of the formula I:



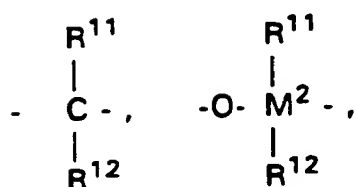
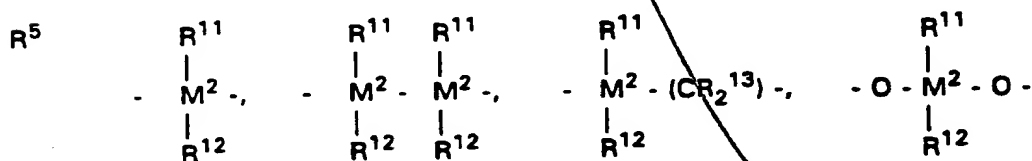
in which

M¹ is Zr, Hf or Ti,

R¹ and R² are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a C₁-C₁₀-alkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀-alkoxy group, a C₆-C₁₀-aryl group, a C₆-C₁₀-aryloxy group, a C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀-arylalkyl group, a C₇-C₄₀-alkylaryl group, a C₈-C₄₀-arylalkenyl group or a halogen atom,

R³ and R⁴ are identical or different and are a monocyclic or polycyclic, unsubstituted or substituted hydrocarbon radical which, together with the metal atom M¹, can form a sandwich structure,

R⁵ is



-BR¹¹, -AlR¹¹, -Ge-, -Sn-, -O-, -S-, =SO, =SO₂, =NR¹¹, =CO,

$=PR^{11}$ or $=P(O)R^{11}$,

where

R^{11} , R^{12} and R^{13} are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} -fluoroalkyl group, a C_6 - C_{10} -aryl group, a C_6 - C_{10} -fluoroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{10} -alkoxy group, a C_2 - C_{10} -alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} -arylalkyl group, a C_8 - C_{40} -arylalkenyl group or a C_7 - C_{40} -alkylaryl group, or R^{11} and R^{12} or R^{11} and R^{13} , in each case together with the atoms connecting them, form a ring, and

M^2 is silicon, germanium or tin,

R^8 and R^9 are identical or different and are as defined for R^{11} ,

m and n are identical or different and are zero, 1 or 2, where m plus n is zero, 1 or 2.

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7. The process as claimed in claim 12, wherein

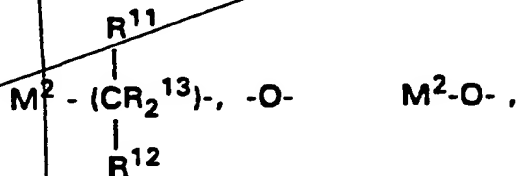
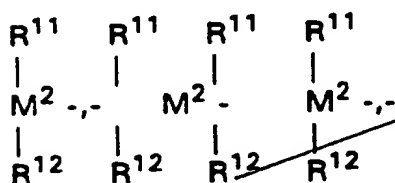
M^1 is Zr or Hf,

R^1 and R^2 are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a C_1 - C_3 -alkyl group, a C_1 - C_3 -alkoxy group, a C_6 - C_8 -aryl group, a C_6 - C_8 -aryloxy group, a C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{10} -arylalkyl group, a C_7 - C_{12} -alkylaryl group, a C_8 - C_{12} -arylalkenyl group or chlorine,

R^3 and R^4 are identical or different, monocyclic or polycyclic, unsubstituted or substituted hydrocarbon radicals which, together with the metal atom M^1 , can form a sandwich structure,

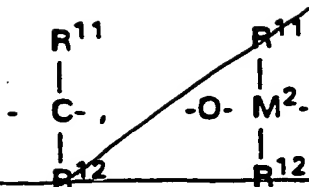
~~R^5 is~~

R^5



sub
A2

Sub
A2
Cont'd



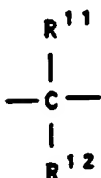
=BR¹¹, =AlR¹¹, -Ge-, -Sn-, -O-, -S-, =SO-, =SO₂, =NR¹¹,
=CO, =PR¹¹ or =P(O)R¹¹, where R¹¹, R¹² and R¹³ are
identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a
halogen atom, a C₁-C₄-alkyl group, CF₃ group, a C₆-C₈-
aryl group, a pentafluorophenyl group, a C₁-C₄-alkoxy
group, a C₂-C₄-alkenyl group, a C₇-C₁₀-arylalkyl
group, a C₈-C₁₂-arylalkenyl group or a C₇-C₁₂-alkyl-
aryl group, or R¹¹ and R¹² or R¹¹ and R¹³, in each case
together with the atoms connecting them, form a
ring,

M² is silicon or germanium,

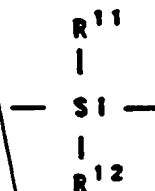
R⁸ and R⁹ are identical or different and are as
defined for R¹¹,

m and n are identical or different and are zero or
1, where m plus n are zero or 1.

8. The process as claimed in claim 1¹², wherein
M¹ is zirconium or hafnium, R¹ and R² are identical
and are methyl or chlorine,
R⁴ and R³ are indenyl, cyclopentadienyl or fluorenyl,
where these ligands may carry additional substi-
tuents as defined for R¹¹, R¹² and R¹³, where the
substituents may be different and, with the atoms
connecting them, may also form rings,
R⁵ is a



or



radical, and n plus m are zero or 1.

9. The method of using a molding composition as claimed in.

claim. ~~1~~ for the production of moldings.

10. A molding which can be produced from a molding composition as claimed in ~~claim 1~~ claim 1.

5

add
A4
+
B2

add
C1

ADD
E3

add
H4